



# Vertex Odd Mean and Even Mean Labeling of Fan Graph, Mongolian Tent and $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$

Research Article\*

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**Abstract:** A graph  $G$  with  $p$  vertices and  $q$  edges is a mean graph if there is an injective function  $f$  from the vertices of  $G$  to  $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, q\}$  such that when each edge  $uv$  is labeled with  $\frac{f(u)+f(v)}{2}$  if  $(f(u) + f(v))$  is even and  $\frac{f(u)+f(v)+1}{2}$  if  $(f(u) + f(v))$  is odd then the resulting edges are distinct. A fan graph  $F_{m,n}$  is defined as the graph join  $\bar{K}_m + P_n$  where  $\bar{K}_m$  is the empty graph on  $m$  nodes and  $P_n$  is the path graph on  $n$  nodes. The case  $m = 1$  corresponds to the usual fan graphs. In this paper we investigate vertex odd and even mean labeling of Fan graph, Mongolian tent and  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$ .

**Keywords:** Mean labeling, Mongolian tent, Fan graph, vertex odd mean labeling and vertex even mean labeling.

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## 1. Introduction

A graph  $G$  with  $p$  vertices and  $q$  edges we mean a simple, connected and undirected graph. In this paper a brief summary of definitions and other information is given in order to maintain compactness. Useful Vertex odd Mean and Even Mean Labeling of Some Graphs of Author N. Revathi [1]. In this paper we investigate vertex odd and even mean labeling of Fan graph, Mongolian tent and  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$ .

### 1.1. Basic Definitions

**Definition 1.1.** A graph  $G$  with  $q$  edges to be an vertex odd mean graph if there is an injective function  $f$  from the vertices of  $G$  to  $\{1, 3, 5, \dots, 2q - 1\}$  such that when each edge  $uv$  is labeled with  $\frac{f(u)+f(v)}{2}$  if  $f(u) + f(v)$  is even and  $\frac{f(u)+f(v)+1}{2}$  if  $f(u) + f(v)$  is odd then the resulting edges are distinct. Such a function is called a vertex odd mean labeling.

**Definition 1.2.** A graph  $G$  with  $q$  edges to be an vertex even mean graph if there is an injective function  $f$  from the vertices of  $G$  to  $\{2, 4, 6, \dots, 2q\}$  such that the edge labels are given by  $\frac{f(u)+f(v)}{2}$  are distinct. Such a function is called a vertex even mean labeling.

**Definition 1.3** (Fan Graph). A fan graph  $F_{m,n}$  is defined as the graph join  $\bar{K}_m + P_n$ , where  $\bar{K}_m$  is the empty graph on  $m$  nodes and  $p_n$  is the path graph on notes. The case  $m = 1$  corresponds to the usual fan graphs, while  $m = 2$  corresponds to the double fan, etc. . . . Precomputed properties of fan graphs are implemented in the wolfram Language as Graph Data  $\{\{Fan, \{m, n\}\}\}$ . The  $(r, 2)$ -fan graph is isomorphic to the complete tripartite graph  $k_1, 1_r$  and the  $(r, 3)$ -fan graph to  $k_1, 2_r$ .

\* Proceedings : National Conference on Recent Trends in Applied Mathematics held on 22 & 23.07.2016, organized by Department of Mathematics, St. Joseph's College of Arts & Science, Manjakuppam, Cuddalore (Tamil Nadu), India.

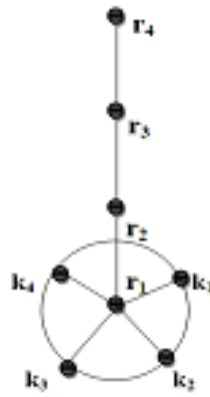
**Definition 1.4.** A Mongolian tent as a graph obtained from  $P_m \times P_n$  by adding one extra vertex above the grid and joining every other of the top row of  $P_m \times P_n$  to the new vertex.

**Definition 1.5.** The join of graphs  $\bar{K}_2$  and  $C_n$ ,  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$ , is obtained by joining a vertex of  $\bar{K}_2$  with every vertex of  $C_n$  with an edge.

## 2. Main Results

**Theorem 2.1.** A fan graph  $F_{m,n}$  is defined as the graph join  $\bar{K}_m + P_n$ . has vertex odd mean labeling.

*Proof.* The graph  $F_n(\bar{k}_m, r_n)$  has  $m + n$  vertices and  $k_{2m} + r_{n-2}$  edges. The ordinary labeling for  $F_n(4, 4)$  is given the figure.



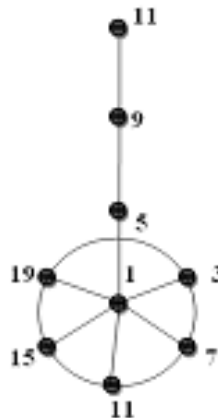
Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(F_n(\bar{k}_m, r_n)) \rightarrow \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 2q-1\}$  by

$$F(\bar{k}_m) = 4i - 1, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$F(r_n) = 4i - 3, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

Clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are all distinct. Hence the Fan graph has an odd mean labeling. □

**Example 2.2.** In the following figure we exhibit vertex odd mean labeling. For  $F_n(5, 4)$ .



**Theorem 2.3.** A fan graph  $F_{m,n}$  is defined as the graph join  $\bar{K}_m + P_n$ . has vertex Even mean labeling.

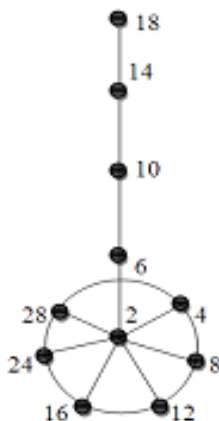
*Proof.* The graph  $F_n(\bar{k}_m, r_n)$  has  $m + n$  vertices and  $\bar{k}_{2m} + r_{n-2}$  edges. Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(F_n(\bar{k}_m, r_n)) \rightarrow \{2, 4, 6, \dots, 2q\}$  by

$$f(\bar{k}_m) = 4i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$f(r_n) = 4i - 2, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

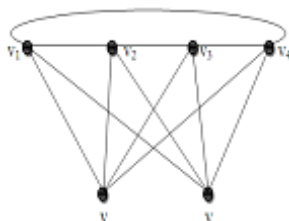
clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are all distinct. Hence the Fan graph has an vertex Even mean labeling. □

**Example 2.4.** In the following figure we exhibit vertex Even mean labeling for  $F_n(6, 5)$ .



**Theorem 2.5.** The graph  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$  has vertex odd mean labeling.

*Proof.* The graph  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$  has  $n + 1$  vertices and  $2n$  edges. Let  $v$  be vertex of  $\bar{K}_2$  and  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  be the vertices of the cycle. The ordinary of  $\bar{K}_2 + C_4$  is given in figure.



Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(\bar{k}_2 + c_n) \rightarrow \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 2q - 1\}$  by

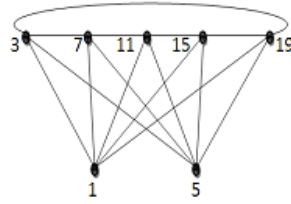
$$f(u) = 2$$

$$f(v_i) = 4i - 1, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n \text{ if } n \text{ is odd}$$

$$f(v_i) = \begin{cases} 3, & i = 1 \\ 2i + 3, & i \text{ is even if } n \text{ is odd} \\ q + 2i + 1, & i \text{ is odd.} \end{cases}$$

Clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are odd distinct. Hence the graph  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$ , has vertex odd mean labeling. □

**Example 2.6.** The vertex odd mean labeling of  $\bar{K}_2 + V_5$ .



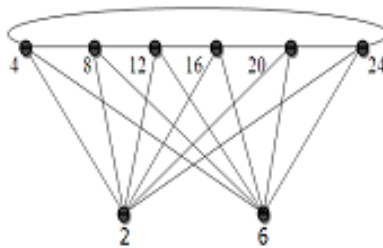
**Theorem 2.7.** *The graph  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$  has vertex Even mean labeling.*

*Proof.* Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(\bar{K}_2 + C_n) \rightarrow \{2, 4, 6, \dots, 2q\}$  by

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(u) &= 2 \\
 f(v_i) &= 4i, \quad 1 \leq i \leq n \text{ if } n \text{ is odd} \\
 f(v_i) &= \begin{cases} 4, & i = 1 \\ 2i + 4, & i \text{ is even, if } n \text{ is odd} \\ q + 2i + 2, & i \text{ is odd.} \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

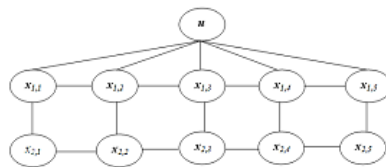
Clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are odd distinct. Hence the graph  $\bar{K}_2 + C_n$ , has vertex Even mean labeling. □

**Example 2.8.** *The vertex odd mean labeling of  $\bar{K}_2 + V_6$ .*



**Theorem 2.9.** *For any integer  $m > 2$  and  $n = 2$ , the Mongolian tent has vertex odd mean labeling.*

*Proof.* Consider  $m(m, n)$  with the vertex set  $\{u_1, x_{1,1}, x_{1,2}, \dots, x_{1,m}, x_{2,1}, x_{2,2}, \dots, x_{2,m}\}$ . Where  $u$  is the pendent vertex the ordinary labeling for  $m(5, 2)$  is given in figure.

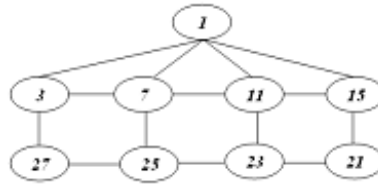


Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(m(m, n)) \rightarrow \{1, 3, 5, \dots, 2q - 1\}$  by

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(u) &= 1 \\
 f(x_{1,i}) &= 4i - 1, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m \\
 f(x_{2,i}) &= 2q - (2i - 1), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m
 \end{aligned}$$

Clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are all distinct. Hence the Mongolian tent has vertex odd mean labeling. □

**Example 2.10.** The vertex odd mean labeling of the graph  $m(4, 2)$ .



**Theorem 2.11.** For any integer  $m > 2$  and  $n = 2$ , the Mongolian tent has vertex even mean labeling.

*Proof.* Define a vertex labeling  $f : v(m(m, n)) \rightarrow \{2, 4, 6, \dots, 2q\}$  by

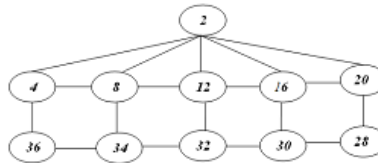
$$f(u) = 2$$

$$f(x_1, i) = 4i, \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

$$f(x_2, i) = 2q - (2i - 2), \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, m$$

Clearly labels of the edges received by the mean of the labels on end vertices are all distinct. Hence the Mongolian tent has vertex even mean labeling. □

**Example 2.12.** The vertex odd mean labeling of the graph  $m(5, 2)$ .



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